

TRADITIONAL Character Edition

WORKBOOK

Xueying Wang, Lichuang Chi, and Liping Feng 🚟

Vol. 1

Copyright © 2005 Johns Hopkins University. All Rights Reserved.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, scanning, or any information storage or retrieval system, without written permission from the publisher. 10 09 08 07 06 05 6 5 4 3 2 1

Published by Cheng & Tsui Company 25 West Street Boston, MA 02111-1213 USA Fax (617) 426-3669 www.cheng-tsui.com "Bringing Asia to the World"<sup>TM</sup>

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data Wang, Xueying. Chinese odyssey : innovative Chinese courseware / Xueying Wang, Lichuang Chi, and Liping Feng. p. cm. Chinese and English. ISBN 0-88727-457-9—ISBN 0-88727-452-8 1. Chinese language—Textbooks for foreign speakers—English. I. Chi, Lichuang. II. Feng, Liping. III. Title. PL1129.E5W385 2004 495.1'82421—dc22 2004063504

Printed in the U.S.A.

Traditional Character Edition, ISBN 0-88727-453-6

*Chinese Odyssey* includes multimedia products, textbooks, workbooks, and audio products. Visit **www.cheng-tsui.com** for more information on the other components of *Chinese Odyssey*.

# 1 Introduction to Chinese Phonetics



To complete the exercises in this section, you need either the audio CDs or multimedia CD-ROMs. If you have the audio CDs, follow the instructions below. If you have the multimedia CD-ROMs, follow their instructions (no hard copy necessary).

# ∩ STASK 1. MONOSYLLABLES/DISYLLABLES

The following mono- and disyllables will be read to you, but in a different order than that given below. Demonstrate your understanding of these phrases by numbering their written counterparts in the order in which you hear them.

## A. Monosyllables

1. nŭ	2. nǚ	3. lù	4. lǚ
5. dè	6. tè	7. wŏ	8. é
9. tái	10. děi	11. mò	12. mǒu
13. bó	14. bào	15. yí	16. yū

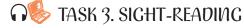
## B. Disyllables

1. fēiděi	2. dàodé	3. tuóbèi	4. bēibāo
5. pǎobù	6. wòdǎo	7. láolèi	8. tōudù
9. nŭlì	10. tàinào	11. dìtú	12. mǔnǚ
13. pùbù	14. yīfu	15. fāfú	16. nǎonù

## **N** TASK 2. PRONUNCIATION DRILLS

Listen carefully to the examples and try to imitate each sound.

A. Monosyllables					
1. tè	2. dòu	3. mō	4. náo	5. pài	
6. fěi	7. bǐ	8. nuó	9. nǚ	10. lù	
B. Disyllable					
1. fúyì	2. wŏlái	3. láolèi	4. dútè	5. nálái	



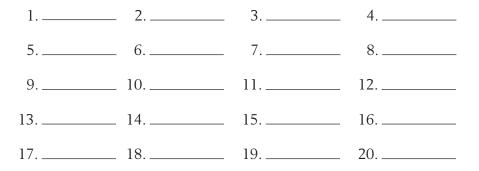
Can you recognize the following items? If you can, read aloud and record them. Your sight-reading skills will be measured by your speed and accuracy.

#### A. Monosyllables

1. fŏu	2. mó	3. pò	4. nŭ	5. lű
6. tè	7. děi	8. nào	9. lái	10. bēi
B. Disyllables	:			
1. pèidài	2. múnǚ	3. dìtú	4. fěibó	5. méi lái
6. nŭlì	7. dútè	8. dàodé	9. tuōluò	10. máimò

## **G** TASK 4. DICTATION

Listen to the dictation items provided on the CD and write them in pinyin with correct tones.





# ∩ STASK 1. MONOSYLLABLES/DISYLLABLES

The following mono- and disyllables will be read to you, but in a different order than that given below. Demonstrate your understanding of these phrases by numbering their written counterparts in the order in which you hear them.

#### A. Monosyllables

1. shǎn	2. shén	3. zhàn	4. chàng
5. rén	6. shéng	7. chē	8. chī
9. cáng	10. sāng	11. rì	12. rè
13. rǎn	14. rǎng	15. cōng	16. zŏng

#### B. Disyllables

1. réngrán	2. cóngróng	3. shēngchǎn	4. shàngshēng
5. zhànzhēng	6. chángchéng	7. sŏngrán	8. shēnshì
9. cèshēn	10. sòngzĭ	11. céngcì	12. cóngshì
13. zìcĭ	14. cāngsāng	15. chènshān	16. shānshàng

# **N** TASK 2. PRONUNCIATION DRILLS

Listen carefully to the examples and try to imitate each sound.

## A. Monosyllables

l. zhì	2. chè	3. shī	4. rè	5. zĭ
6. sān	7. céng	8. shén	9. chàng	10. zhōng

## B. Disyllables

1. réngrán	2. zhöngsheng	3. céngcì	4. cóngshì	5. shānshàng
6. chūrù	7. zèngsòng	8. chènshān	9. chūcāo	10. cèsuŏ

## ∩ STASK 3. SIGHT-READING

Can you recognize the following items? If you can, read aloud and record them. Your sight-reading skills will be measured by your speed and accuracy.

## A. Monosyllables

l. rán	2. sōng	3. càn	4. cáng	5. shēn
6. zěn	7. zhěng	8. chī	9. chóng	10. zhǒng
B. Disyllables	r			
l. cāngsāng	2. zìcĭ	3. chènshān	4. róngzŏng	5. zhànzhēng
6. shēnshān	7. chángchéng	8. shèngzhĭ	9. réngrán	10. shēnchì

# **N** TASK 4. DICTATION

Listen to the dictation items provided on the CD and write them in pinyin with correct tones.

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20





# ∩ ♦ TASK 1. MONOSYLLABLES/DISYLLABLES

The following mono- and disyllables will be read to you, but in a different order than that given below. Demonstrate your understanding of these phrases by numbering their written counterparts in the order in which you hear them.

#### A. Monosyllables

1. huà	2. guān	3. wēng	4. kūn
5. guì	6. huài	7. wáng	8. huáng
9. guă	10. wèn	ll.guāng	12. gŭn
13. guǎi	14. kuī	15. wān	16. hún

## B. Disyllables

1. huánghuò	2. kuàihuó	3. gōngguān	4. kuàihūn
5. huángguā	6. kuīkòng	7. guǎngkuò	8. guānguāng
9. huánwán	10. kuàguó	ll. wǎnhūn	12. huŏguō
13. guǐguài	14. wēnnuǎn	15. wēngwēng	16. wèihūn

# **N** TASK 2. PRONUNCIATION DRILLS

Listen carefully to the examples and try to imitate each sound.

## A. Monosyllables

l. kuài	2. guǎng	3. wèn	4. huà	5. wēng
6. guľ	7. guāi	8. wáng	9. kuān	10. kūn
B. Disyllables	;			
l.gōngguān	2. huángguā	3. kuīkòng	4. kuàguó	5. wēngwēng
6. wǎnhūn	7. guǎngkuò	8. guǐguài	9. wēnnuǎn	10. wèihūn

# **N** TASK 3. SIGHT-READING

Can you recognize the following items? If you can, read aloud and record them. Your sight-reading skills will be measured by your speed and accuracy.

## A. Monosyllables

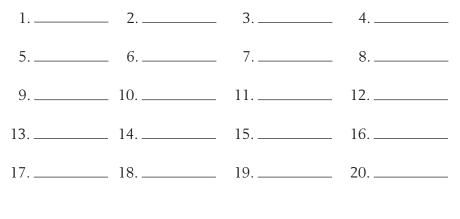
l.huā	2. wèn	3. huí	4. gǔn	5. guǎn
6. wēng	7. wéi	8. huáng	9. kuài	10. kuì

#### **B.** Disyllables

1. kuīkòng	2. wǎnhūn	3. wēngwēng	4. wèiguó	5. wēnnuǎn
6. huángguā	7. huǒguō	8. kuānkuò	9. guĭguài	10. kŭguā

# **N** TASK 4. DICTATION

Listen to the dictation items provided on the CD and write them in pinyin with correct tones.







## **N** TASK 1. MONOSYLLABLES/DISYLLABLES

The following mono- and disyllables will be read to you, but in a different order than that given below. Demonstrate your understanding of these phrases by numbering their written counterparts in the order in which you hear them.

## A. Monosyllables

l. qiū	2. jià	3. qián	4. xŭ
5. jiě	6. xiǎo	7. quán	8. qiáo
9. xiǎng	10. xún	11. xióng	12. qìn
13. quē	14. jìng	15. yǒu	16. qĭ

## B. Disyllables

1. jiǎjiè	2. xiǎoxīn	3. quēxiàn	4. xiánxiá
5. jiějué	6. xuánxū	7. xuéxí	8. xīngqī
9. jiŭyuè	9. jiūjìng	10. qiǎngxiān	11. jìnxiū
11. juānqū	12. qīqiè	13. qièqǔ	14. qŭjué

# **∩**<sup>§</sup> TASK 2. PRONUNCIATION DRILLS

Listen carefully to the examples and try to imitate each sound.

## A. Monosyllables

1. yě	2. quē	3. xuán	4. jiū	5. qiàn	
6. xiá	7. qiāng	8. xióng	9. jĭn	10. xǐng	
B. Disyllables					
1. jiějué	2. jiŭyuè	3. qŭjué	4. jìnxiū	5. xíngjūn	
6. xīyān	7. jīngjiǎn	8. qiúqíng	9. jìnxìng	10. qiǎngxiān	

# ∩ Sight-Reading ∩

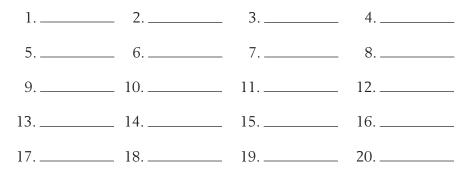
Can you recognize the following items? If you can, read aloud and record them. Your sight-reading skills will be measured by your speed and accuracy.

## A. Monosyllables

l.quē	2. jùn	3. quán	4. jìn	5. jìng
6. qiú	7. xiǎo	8. xiān	9. xióng	10. yāng
B. Disyllables	:			
1. quēxiàn	2. jūnxùn	3. quànjiŭ	4. juānxiàn	5. jíjù
6. xìqŭ	7. qiǎngxiān	8. xióngxīn	9. qǐng jìn	10. xiūxi

# **G** TASK 4. DICTATION

Listen to the dictation items provided on the CD and write them in pinyin with correct tones.



# 5 你做甚麼工作? How Do You Make a Living?





The following phrases will be read to you in Chinese, but in a different order than that given below. Demonstrate your understanding of these phrases by numbering their English counterparts in the order in which you hear them.

## A. Words/Phrases

quite a lot	(medical) Doctor Li	whose boss?
to do business	our teacher	his doctor
to specialize in computers	engineer	her nurse
B. Sentences		
What does your friend do?		
Neither of my parents is in bu	siness.	
These are all my computers.		
What is this?		
You don't have many question	15.	
Whose books are those?		
What does he specialize in?		
Is that his boss?		
Which one of you is Professor	Hu?	

## ∩ Stask 2. Short conversations

Listen to the short conversation and select the correct answer.

1.	The speakers are talking	about	
	a) a teacher.	b) each other.	c) several teachers.
2.	The books mentioned in a) the male speaker.	the conversation belon b) the female speaker	0
3.	The person mentioned has a) one job.	as b) two jobs.	c) three jobs.
4.	The person mentioned has a) no doctor.	as b) one doctor.	c) more than one doctor.

## **N** TASK 3. SUBSTITUTION

Familiarzie yourself with the basic dentence patterns by substituting the given phrases into the following sentences. Your audio CDs will include the pronunciation of these sentences. When you finish this exeicise, see if you can apply its vocabulary and granner in your responses to the supplementary questions given on the audio CD.

- 1. A: 你們誰是(大夫)?
  - B: 我們都不是(大夫)。醫生 護士
- 2. A: 你(叔叔)做甚麼工作?
  - B: 我(叔叔)搞電腦,也做生意。朋友 哥哥
- 3. A: 他的( 朋友 )很多。
  - B: 是嗎? 我的( 朋友 )也不少。

問題 書

- 4. A: 那是誰的(電腦)?
  - B: 那是我(老闆)的(電腦)。
    - 書 老師
    - 老闆 朋友

## ∩ Stask 4. Quick Response

#### A. Questions & Answers

Listen to the following questions and provide an answer to each one. If you don't know a word, try to get its meaning from the context, rather than looking it up. Remember, both speed and accuracy are important!

- 1. 那是誰?
- 2. 你朋友都作生意嗎?
- 3. 你爸爸媽媽做甚麼工作?
- 4. 你哥哥也搞電腦嗎?

#### **B.** Turning Positive into Negative

Listen to the previously recorded responses and change each statement into a negative sentence.

- 1. 我媽媽做生意。
- 2. 我爸爸也是醫生。
- 3. 這是我哥哥的老師。
- 4. 他們的書都很多。



## 鯵 TASK 1. ANALYTICAL READING

Demonstrate your understanding of the following text by choosing the best of three choices to replace each of the numbers throughout the passage. 我是(1)。學習很忙,也很累。我媽媽是醫生。 (2)很忙,她還學習。但是(3)不累,身體 (4)好。我爸爸做生意,他生意很多,也很順 利。他(5)還好。我爺爺奶奶(6)做生意。 (7)都是 老師,他們工作不緊張,(8)身體不太 好。

1.	學生	老師	醫生
2.	學習	工作	身體
3.	她	他	他們
4.	都	太	很
5.	學習	工作	身體
6.	都不	都	不都
7.	她	他	他們
8.	也是	都是	但是

## 🦫 TASK 2. SHORT PASSAGE

Read the following text and see how well you can answer the True/False questions that follow.

這是我朋友大文。他學電腦。他的電腦書很 多, 電腦也不少。他學習很緊張。 他爸爸媽媽也 是我 叔叔的好朋友。他爸爸做電腦生意,他爸爸的 電腦 公司不大,但是,他們公司生意很好。他媽媽 是護 士。他爸爸媽媽身體都很好。工作也都很順 利。

## Supplementary Vocabulary

1.	公司	gōngsī	n.	company
2.	大	dà	adj.	big, large, great

#### Questions:

1. The writer is a computer science student.	True/False
2. The writer's family knows Dawen's family very well.	True/False
3. The writer's family owns a business.	True/False
4. Nobody in Dawen's family is doing very well.	True/False

## b Task 3. Dialogue construction

Using the following situations, create two-line conversations that include the given Chinese words.

- 1. Asking for someone's occupation:
  - a) 甚麼
  - b) 工程師
- 2. Asking about whether a pile of books on the desk belongs to someone:
  - a) 都是 書 b) 是啊 多
- 3. Asking about someone's teacher:
  - a) 老師 誰
  - b) Last name + 教授
- 4. Asking to whom the computers belong:

a)	誰的	電腦
b)	老闆	不少

## 🌭 TASK 4. E-MAIL

You have been trying to get your Chinese program to work for an hour with no success. As you sit there staring at the computer, you recall an old friend, with whom you haven't spoken in years, who is currently studying computer technology. E-mail your friend, asking about family members and friends (note that, since you haven't seen each other in so long, you have to be polite). In particular, ask if your friend knows anyone in the computer business who might be able to help you with your predicament.